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## Technical Data

**DONGSHIN RAT** -----Thin, flexible, magnetically loaded, resonant absorber

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### Characteristics

- ◆ **basic composition:**  
magnetically loaded neoprene rubber
- ◆ **feature:**  
thin, flexible, narrowband, more intensity and more environment resistance
- ◆ **retardancy:**  
Non flammable
- ◆ **working temperature:**  
-50°C ~ + 100°C or -85°F ~ 212°F

### Availability:

- ◆ **thickness**  
From 1mm to 5mm, variable
- ◆ **size**  
Standard size is 200mm X 200mm per sheet. Or various size by customers' request
- ◆ **Color**  
Gray to black
- ◆ **Frequency and bandwidth**  
Available from 1GHz to above 15GHz. Through a best ratio of the magnetic material and rubber, an appropriate frequency, bandwidth and the attenuation would be achieved.
- ◆ **Rubber**  
default is neoprene rubber, for



higher working temperature-  
50°C ~ + 180°C or -85°F ~  
356°F )(, silicon rubber is  
recommended. And also nitrile  
rubber is available for  
resistance to water and oil.

### ◆ Naming

RAT-xxmm-yyGHz  
xx: material thickness in mm  
yy: center frequency  
in the name end, blank means  
neoprene rubber, S stands for  
silicon rubber and N stands  
for nitrile rubber

### ◆ PSA

pressure sensitive adhesive  
(PSA) for easy use, peel and  
stick. PSA is attached to the  
end of the model name if  
applicable

## Performance

Standard working frequency is 15GHz, 10, 9.4, 5.5, 3 and 2GHz. At the tuned frequency, attenuation could achieve -17~-25dB in normal incidence, and down to -13dB and -10dB in the range of 24% and 35% bandwidth. For off normal, attenuation change little for small incidence and at 60°, vertical polarization goes to -7dB and horizontal polarization goes to -13dB.

| Grade            | Weight<br>Kg/sqm | Tuned frequency<br>-GHz | Reflectivity<br>dB |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| RAT-1.2mm-15GHz  | 3.7              | 15                      | 17~20              |
| RAT-1.7mm-10GHz  | 5.0              | 10                      | 17~20              |
| RAT-1.8mm-9.4GHz | 5.2              | 9.4                     | 17~20              |
| RAT-2.8mm-5.5GHz | 7.6              | 5.5                     | 17~20              |
| RAT-3.6mm-3GHz   | 13               | 3                       | 17~20              |
| RAT-5.0mm-2GHz   | 18               | 2                       | 17~20              |

Thinner rubber sheet like RAT-1.5mm-5.5GHz and RAT-2.7mm-3GHz have around one half of thickness for same tuned frequency for the above grade. Reflectivity is around -13dB~ -17dB at center frequency, a little lower than the above grades in return of broader bandwidth. The bandwidth is about 50% centered the tuned frequency in which reflectivity is just about 10% lower.

| Grade                | Thickness<br>mm | Weight<br>Kg/sqm | Tuned<br>Frequency<br>GHz | Reflectivity<br>at normal<br>-dB | Frequency<br>range with<br>-10dB |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| RAT-1.5mm<br>-5.5GHz | 1.5             | 6.8              | 5.5                       | -15                              | 4.1~6.9                          |
| RAT-2.7mm<br>-3G     | 2.7             | 11.5             | 3                         | -15                              | 2.2~3.8                          |



### **Applications**

- ◆ RAT is used for radar, masts of ships, airport luminary where narrowband needed.
- ◆ RAT can also be used inside the EM facilities to eliminate the interference, surface current and etc.

### **Method of installation**

- ◆ RAT require to be backed with a metallic surface.
- ◆ For RAT with PSA, it is easily to peel and stick. Not so strong as the contact adhesive, but it is adequate in most applications.
- ◆ For general installation, a neoprene contact is recommended. For best results, brush the adhesive over the substrate and wait it till tack-free, then apply the adhesive to the back of the RAT material till it is till tacky but not wet, then press the material against the substrate.

**This information is offered just for the reference of the customers who must make the final judgement of suitability for any application**